

## WE CLAIM

1. A conjugate or fusion protein of formula:  
$$A - B - (C)_n$$
wherein A is a protein or polypeptide which binds specifically to a target cell surface, B is optionally present, and comprises at least one molecule which binds to both A and (C)<sub>n</sub>, C is an MHC/peptide complex, and n is a whole number ranging from 1 to 10.
2. The conjugate of claim 1, wherein B is absent, and n is 1.
3. The conjugate of claim 2, wherein A is an antibody or a binding fragment of an antibody.
4. The conjugate of claim 4, wherein A is an Fab' fragment of an antibody.
5. The conjugate of claim 2, wherein A is a single chain antibody.
6. The conjugate of claim 4, wherein C is a single chain MHC complex.
7. The conjugate of claim 5, wherein C is a single chain MHC complex.
8. The conjugate of claim 1, wherein A is an antibody, a ligand which binds to an antigen, or a ligand which binds to a differentiation marker overexpressed in tumor cells.
9. The conjugate of claim 1, wherein B is present.
10. The conjugate of claim 5, wherein B comprises a streptavidin or avidin molecule, and from 1 to 4 biotinylated MHC molecules.
11. The conjugate of claim 10, wherein B comprises a streptavidin molecule and 4 biotin molecules.
12. The conjugate of claim 11, wherein A comprises an antibody binding fragment.

13. The conjugate of claim 11, wherein A is an Fab' fragment.
14. The conjugate of claim 1, wherein said MHC molecule comprises a tumor rejection antigen.
15. The conjugate of claim 1, wherein said MHC molecule comprises an antigenic, viral peptide.
16. The conjugate of claim 2, wherein A is a ligand which binds to a receptor.
17. A method for alleviating cancer in a subject in need thereof, comprising administering to said subject an amount of the conjugate of claim 1 sufficient to bind to cancer cells in said subject and to provoke a T cell response against said cancer cells.
18. The method of claim 17, wherein A is an antibody or a binding fragment of an antibody.
19. The method of claim 18, wherein A is a Fab' fragment of an antibody.
20. The method of claim 18, wherein A binds to a tumor associated antigen or to a differentiation antigen found on tumor cells.
21. The method of claim 18, wherein A binds specifically to carcinoembryonic antigen.